MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY
CCR CERTIFICATION FORM
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List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. Since this is the first year check all boxes that apply. Please
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other)
Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement) On water bills (attach copy of bill) Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below) Other
Date(s) customers were informed: 6 //9/13 , / /
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used
Date Mailed/Distributed: / /
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) As a URL (Provide URL As an attachment As text within the body of the email message
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper: Larly Leader
Date Published: 6 / 19 / 13
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) free Date Posted: 6 / 19 / 1-3
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):
lincolnusolivatio. com
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the 2012 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system officials by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.
Name/Title (Mesident, Mayor, Owner, etc.) L/20/13 Date

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

May be faxed to: (601)576-7800

May be emailed to: <u>Melanle. Yanklowski@msdh.state.ms.us</u>

QUALITY ON Tap Report LINCOLN RURAL WATER ASSOCIATION - BRIGNAL PWI ID# 430028 June 1, 2013

Lincoln Rural Water is pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of one well pumping from the Catahoula Aquifer, Lincoln Rural Water is pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements. The following reports show our water quality and what it means.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning you water utility, please contact the office at Monticello St., Brookhaven, Ms. 601-833-6449. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regular scheduled meetings. They are held on the 3rd Tuesday of each month at the above location at 7:00 P.M. and our Annual meeting is held on the 3rd Monday of March at the Lincoln County Courthouse at 7:00 P.M.

Lincoln Rural Water Association routinely monitors for as many as 154 constituents in you drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st 2012. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least a small amount of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology,

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no know or expected risk to health, MCLG's allow for margin of safety.

Addition information for Lead

If present elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. ABC Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the veriety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about leak in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/sagewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$20.00 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have you water tested.

*****April 1, 2013 MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*****

In accordance with the Radionuclide's Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for Radionuclide's beginning January 2007-December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; However, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliances samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rule. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance & Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at (601) 576-7518.

PWI ID#430028 Brignal			Т	EST RESI	JLTS			
Soutaming mag.	MELS MRDLS	MICELLA	Water	200 Sept. 1	nger Hab	Sampl A Date	Mojatroń	<u>Typical Serme</u>
*** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** **	ndev Erabinas Bilbali joannik	Ledent 4	20 (1497.15) 1.00		onfedion	nickobial co	i Canninginia	
· Inorganic Contaminants	•	aren en e	I.UU Viissinsen maanaan	.70	1.20	2012	No	Water additive used to control microbes
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.00374	NA		2012	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural
Chromium (ppb)	100	100	.00112	NA		2012	No	deposits Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	.102	NA.		2012	No	Erosion of natural deposits, additive which promotes strong teeth: Discharge from fertilizer and
i <u>Controlledo</u> (*	More		Valence	<u>Sample</u>		amples ading At	EKGeed AL	aluminum factories Typical/Scurce
Copper - sction level at consumer taps (ppm)	1.3	1.3	0.1	2010		1	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion
Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)	0	15pp b	0.015	2010		~2	No	of natural deposits Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HiV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future. Please call our office if you have questions.

QUALITY ON Tap Report LINCOLN RURAL WATER ASSOCIATION - Heucks Retreat PWI ID# 430030 June 1, 2013

Lincoln Rural Water is pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of one well pumping from the Catahoula Aquifer. Lincoln Rural Water is pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements. The following reports show our water quality and what it means.

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The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detail information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for Lincoln Rural Water have received a moderate and lower ranking in terms of susceptibility to contamination.

Lincoln Rural Water Association routinely monitors for as many as 154 constituents in you drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st 2012. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least a small amount of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

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Water Quality Data Table

430030 Heucks Retreat

100000 Henry Vellest								
Contaminants TV 2	MROL		Vāti Vale		ger Hilog	Sampl Date	Violation	
Disinfectants & Disinfection (Thele accordining engineer			icolary s	ece sarvio			onterninatio	and the second s
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	4	4	1.00	.80	1.30	2012	No	Water additive used to control microbes
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb)	NA	60	33.0	NA		2011	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb)	NA	80	22.7	NA		2012	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Arsenic (ppb)	0	10	0.00082	NA NA		2012	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.01336		*	2012	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
Chromium (ppb)	100	100	0.00137	NA	··········	2012	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	.923	NA		2012	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
		A Page Page 1						
Copper - action level at consume taps (ppm)	er	1.3	0.1	0.2 20	lò	11	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm)	1.3	0.1	0.2	2010	11	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosiol of natural deposits
Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)	0	15p pb	0.002	2010	11	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosiol of natural deposits

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RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

2013 JUN 24 PM 4: 02

Quality on Tap Report Lincoln Rural Water Association Old Red Star PWS ID# 430031 June 1, 2013

Lincoln Rural Water is pleased to present to you, this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and process and protect our water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment wells pumping from the Miocene Aquifer. Lincoln Rural Water is pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

The following reports show our water quality and what it means. If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact our office at 1536 Monticello Street, Brookhaven, MS 39602; 601-833-6449, We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the 3rd Tuesday of each month at the above location at 7:00 P.M. and our annual meeting is held on the 3rd Monday of March at the Lincoln County Courthouse at 7:00 P.M.

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Test Results

Contamble (5	MC G al MRD G	MCL Drat	You Weter	Pla L <u>eow</u>	oe Alah	Sample Date	in the second	<u>"Typicsi Sölnes</u>
Dispussion contemperations of the research and account in						les de la company		
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	4	4	.90	.70	1.10	2012	No	Water additive used to contr
Inorganite contembrants Nitrite [measured as Nitrogen] (ppm)	I	I	0.1	NA		2010	No	microbes Rugoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks,
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.06693	NA		2012	No	sewage; Erosion of natural deposi Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries;
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	0.109	NA		2009	No	Erosion of natural deposits Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer an aluminum factories
Copper - action level at consumer taps (ppm)	1.3	1.3	.1	2010	and the second	1	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Lead - action level at consumer taps (ppb)	0	15ppb	.1	2010		2	No	Corresion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

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QUALITY ON TAP REPORT LINCOLN RURAL WATER ASSOCIATION ZETUS PWS 1D# 436032

June 1, 2013

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TEST RESULTS

#0430032 Zetus			TEST RESUL	LTS				
Contamphass	Morec VIEW		Trup Win	ALD VENTON		Sampi E Date	"Viulation.	Typicalsyquee
Torsintessing so principalities is a con-								
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	Hours Pleas		35 TV6		esta como	nanus A.		Company of the Compan
	4	4	1.10	.80	1.50	2012	No	Water additive used to control
TTHMS (Total Trihalomethanes)(ppb	NA	80	8.16			009	No	microhes By-product of drinking water
Barium (ppm)	2	2	.0032	NA	<u> </u>	012	No.	disinfection Discharge of drilling wastes;
Chromium (ppb)	100						110	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits
<u>-</u>	100	100	.00164	ÑA	_	2012	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (ppm)	4 .	4	.151	NA		212	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth;
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen]	10	10	.02	NA	77)10	No	Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
(ppm) Nitrite [measured as Nitrogen]					Z	, <u>,</u>	140	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
(ppm)	1	1	0.25	NĀ	20	10	Νo	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Inobanic Calimonnis (* 12 desert								
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